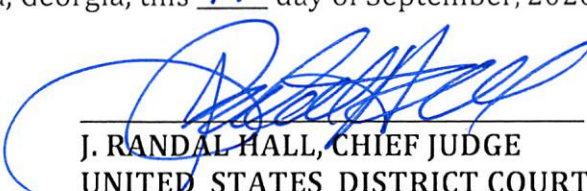


**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA  
STATESBORO DIVISION**

Plaintiff also appears to be challenging the Magistrate Judge's direction to file an amended complaint. This is an order rather than a recommendation. As a result, the Court construes plaintiff's objection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(a) and 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A). Under these provisions, the Court will modify or set aside the Magistrate Judge's Order only if it is "clearly erroneous or is contrary to law." Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a); 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A). Here, the Magistrate Judge clearly explained the deficiencies in plaintiff's initial complaint, including failure to allege personal knowledge and provide sufficient factual detail regarding the alleged similar medical treatment, doc. 15 at 8, and provided plaintiff with an opportunity to rectify those errors prior to recommending dismissal of the claim. Providing such an opportunity was neither clear error nor contrary to law. As a result, the Court overrules plaintiff's objections. If plaintiff desires to continue with his case, he is **DIRECTED** to file an amended complaint in compliance with the Magistrate Judge's order within thirty days from the date of this Order. Failure to do so will result in dismissal.

**ORDER ENTERED** at Augusta, Georgia, this 17<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2020.



J. RANDAL HALL, CHIEF JUDGE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA